

PRESBYTERY OF SOUTH LOUISIANA



CLERK OF SESSION HANDBOOK

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Introduction

Welcome to the office of Clerk of Session! You have joined a unique and important group of people in the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.). The *Book of Order* (G-3.0104) mandates that each governing body of the PCUSA have a moderator and a clerk. Clerks of Presbyteries, Synods, and the General Assembly are called Stated Clerks. Those serving Sessions are called Clerks of Session.

As clerk, you will record a good deal of history of your church as you write the session minutes. Future generations will learn what your church did to further Christ's mission in the world by reading the minutes you write. It follows then, that it is important that you keep accurate records of all the proceedings in the session meetings and in congregational meetings.

This manual has been prepared to provide Clerks of Session with information and examples to assist them in their work and to insure that they have easily accessible information about what must be included in the session record books.

If you have any questions, or need help, please contact the Stated Clerk:

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Roles of the Clerk of Session

The primary role of the clerk of session is to maintain and preserve the records of the church, including the minutes of session and congregational meetings and the rolls and registers. Clerks may assist the moderator in docket preparation or serve as a sounding board for the moderator. An important role of the clerk is to assist the pastor by keeping the pastor informed and providing information to the pastor as requested. Other assistance will be determined by the relationship between the pastor and the clerk and by the needs of the pastor.

Responsibilities at a Glance

1. Keep full and accurate record of the proceedings of the session (G-3.0204).
2. Keep the roll of session membership (G-3.0104).
3. Arrange for the careful preservation of session records (G-3.0104), making recommendation to the session for the permanent safekeeping of its records (G-3.0107).
4. Furnish extracts from the minutes when required by another governing body of the church (G-3.0104).
5. Maintain and preserve rolls and registers required of session (G-3.0204a). (See Rolls and Registers, page 13.)
6. Be responsible for the preservation of the records of the Board of Deacons and the Board of Trustees if you congregation has those. (G-3.0204).
7. Be familiar with the responsibilities of the session as described in the *Book of Order* (G-3.0201).
8. Notify the session or congregation of special meetings, describing accurately the business that will be transacted. Adequate public notice of congregational meetings is required; the congregation determines what constitutes adequate notice. (G-1.0502)

9. Be sure that the annual statistical form requested by the General Assembly is completed accurately and reported to the PCUSA by the Stated deadline. Also, be sure to return other paperwork requested by the stated clerk by the deadline.
10. Participate in the annual record review that is set up by the cluster coordinator or submit the session minute book to the Stated Clerk of the Presbytery for annual review when requested. Appendix C has a checklist as an aid for the review of Session minutes.
11. Serve as secretary for meetings of the congregation (G-1.0507), seeing that the minutes are received by session and are inscribed in the permanent session minute book. (See Congregational Meetings, page 10.)
12. Bring all official correspondence to the attention of the pastor/moderator and the session, and respond as directed by the session.
13. Keep a list of unfinished business, including all matters referred to a committee or a staff member for later report to session, and remind the appropriate persons(s) if not reported expeditiously.
14. Be prepared to respond to questions of parliamentary procedure in meetings if requested. Meetings shall be conducted in accordance with the most recent edition of Robert's Rules of Order, except in those cases where the *Book of Order* provides otherwise (G-3.0105). Copies of Robert's Rules of Order and the latest *Book of Order* should be available at meetings.
15. Receive and submit communications from/to other governing bodies.
16. Assist the moderator in preparing the agenda for session meetings, as requested.
17. Assist the pastor/moderator in church officer training when requested.
18. In consultation with the pastor/moderator, prepare a statement of highlights of session actions and reports following the meeting for information for the congregation (may be included in the next issue of the congregation's newsletter). Note: Confidential matters should not be included.
19. Perform such other duties as may be assigned by the pastor / moderator or the session.

Guidelines for What's Included in Session Minutes

1. Whether the meeting is a regular (stated) or special (called) meeting.
2. The date and time of the meeting.
3. The opening and closing of each meeting with prayer.
4. The roll: listing moderator, elders present, elders absent and any who are excused (if that is your practice), the clerk and any staff present; others present and their identity. (Always use first and last names.)
5. The affirmation of a quorum as provided by rule of the session (G-3.0203). A quorum of the session shall include the moderator and either a specific number of ruling elders or a specific percentage of those ruling elders in current service on the session. The session may set a lower quorum requirement for the reception and dismissal of members, when for example; the quorum may be the moderator and as few as two ruling elder members of the session.
6. The approval of the agenda. (In case of a special meeting, the call to the meeting stating the purpose becomes the agenda.)
7. The approval of the minutes of the previous meeting. (Any corrections of previous meeting minutes should be made on the original minutes before putting them in the book permanently.)
8. Clerk's report: may include correspondence, announcements, and report of the serving of the Lord's Supper, in addition to listing of baptisms, marriages, changes in membership rolls.
9. Reports of pastor, other staff, the treasurer, and committee chairpersons should be summarized in the minutes along with the record of any actions taken regarding them.



10. All main motions and amendments, if any, and whether they passed or failed. (Details of discussion should not be recorded, except when needed to give a sense of the action.) It is not required that you record failed motions – use your discretion.
11. When a previous action of the session is referred to it is helpful to note the page on which it is recorded, or the date of the meeting at which it occurred.

When appropriate, include the following:

12. The administration of the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper must be reported at the next succeeding regular meeting. When the sacrament has been administered to those unable to attend public worship, the name of the minister officiating and the name of the ruling elder(s) assisting should be noted. (This may be part of the clerk's report or the report of the worship committee or pastor.)
13. The administration of the Sacrament of Baptism at the next succeeding regular meeting, giving the full name of adults baptized including the maiden name of married women; the record of infants baptized, noting the name of the child, date of birth, and the names of the parents or the one rightly exercising parental responsibility (W-2.3014), and including the mother's maiden name. (This may be part of the clerk's report, the pastor's report or that of the appropriate committee.)
14. The full name of applicants for church membership (in the case of married persons, include previous names if different) and the manner of their reception:
 - by profession of faith and baptism;
 - by re-affirmation of faith (previously baptized);
 - by letter of transfer, giving the name of the church from which received.
15. The full title of the church to which a certificate of transfer is granted and the full name of the person transferred with the date of transfer.
16. Record the job descriptions for all employed personnel, including pastors and all staff, as they are approved.

17. Name of ruling elders elected to be commissioners to meetings of presbytery, and the period for which they are elected, "preferably for at least a year" (G-3.0202a).
18. Record that commissioner(s) to presbytery reported to session. The report may be summarized.
19. When the session finds it necessary to exercise discipline, the Form of Government and the Rules of Discipline should be carefully studied by a committee of the session and if discipline is administered, the minutes of the session must contain a record of the proceedings which will enable the presbytery to know who was disciplined, why and how. The Stated Clerk is a resource to the session in this process.
20. In case of a sale, encumbrance/mortgage, gift or lease of property, the session records must show:
 - Name, address and legal description of the property;
 - Name of buyer/lessee;
 - Sale price/terms;
 - Loan amount, purpose and terms, including the name of the lender;
 - Lease terms and liability insurance; and,
 - Concurrence of presbytery where necessary (G-4.0206).

Be sure the following are included each year:

21. Approval of the distribution of the church's benevolences
22. Approval of the annual budget.
23. Record the annual review of the adequacy of compensation of each pastor and all employees.
24. Include the amount of Housing Allowance approved for each pastor.
25. Record the recommendation to be made to the congregation for changes in the terms of call for each pastor.
26. Note whether new officers have received training and been examined (G-3.0201c).

27. Report the ordination and/or installation of ruling elders and deacons (if any) at the next succeeding meeting.
28. Report the recognition of trustees (if any) at the meeting following their elections.
29. Report that property and liability insurance has been obtained. (Insert photocopy of the church's certificate of insurance (G-3.0112)).
30. Record changes during the year in the session, the Board of Deacons (if any) and the Trustees (if any) through death, resignation, or removal.

Clerk's Annual Report

At the last meeting of each calendar year or the first meeting of the next calendar year, please include the following in the Clerk's Report:

31. Record changes during the year in the Session, the Board of Deacons and the Trustees through death, resignation, or removal.
32. State the composition of the session with regard to racial ethnic members, women, men and age groups, and how this corresponds to the composition of the congregation. (Photocopying the annual statistical report required by the General Assembly into the session records fulfills this requirement.)
34. If the congregation has a Board of Deacons and/or Trustees, report in the minutes where their records are kept.
35. If the church produces an Annual Report it may be inserted in the minutes, but may also be introduced by reference. If the latter, care should be taken that the Annual Report is preserved as part of the permanent records of the church.

Keeping Minutes Safe

1. Electronic storage, in place of paper storage, is not acceptable because there is no way to attest by signature to the accuracy and correctness of the documents and due to long term storage and accessibility problems.
2. Because official church records are to be held in perpetuity, the only ways that are acceptable for keeping these records are to *have* them on paper, printed with a laser printer or copier on acid-free paper, or on microfilm.
3. Minutes may be kept in bound books or in loose-leaf binders. When those in loose-leaf binders are to be stored, store the pages in archival boxes.
4. It is important that pages be numbered consecutively, both sides of the page, including any attachments. It is especially important for loose pages or pages kept in a loose-leaf binder to be numbered. If a page or section of a page is intentionally blank, mark it with a stamp that says "Intentionally Left Blank" or mark with a large X.
5. Acceptable numbering schemes are:
 - A one-up numbering system beginning at as early a time as possible.
 - A one-up numbering system that starts over at the beginning of each year. In this case, consider some system, such as a note in a header or footer, which keeps track of the year.
 - Pre-numbered pages in a bound book.
6. From the Book of Order:

Each council shall keep a full and accurate record of its proceedings. Minutes and all other official records of councils are the property in perpetuity of said councils or their legal successors. When a council ceases to exist, its records shall become the property of the next higher council within whose bounds the lower council was prior to its cessation. The clerk of each council shall make recommendation to that body for the permanent safekeeping of the *body's* records with the



Presbyterian Historical Society or in a temperature and humidity controlled environment of a seminary of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.). [*Book of Order* G-3.0107]

7. An OGA comment on a proposed (and defeated) amendment in 2003 that would allow digital records:
Currently, there is no archivally permanent electronic format. Even if the medium (tape, disk, CD-ROM, etc.) survives for longer than a few years, there is no guarantee that the hardware and/or software to read it will have survived as well.
8. Only acid- free paper and properly processed microfilm are considered permanent at this time.
9. While any records that are identified in the *Book of Order* as permanent, including session minutes and registers, can be created on a computer, the record copy must be printed out on acid-free paper, stored securely, and can eventually be transferred to microfilm. Records copies of minutes should be printed out and signed at the time of their creation, and, at a minimum, registers should be printed out annually.
10. The Presbyterian Historical Society will preserve records for congregations. See their web site <http://Jwww.history.pcusa.org/> or call them for information. Their address is 425 Lombard St., Philadelphia, PA 19147. Telephone: 215-627-1852.

Congregational Meetings

Minutes of all congregational meetings shall be included in the session record book along with session minutes in one chronological order.

Minutes of these meetings shall include:

1. Indication of whether the meeting is regular, special or annual meeting
2. If it is a "special meeting," the minutes shall include the call to the meeting. The business to be transacted is limited to those items listed in the call for the meeting. [G-1.0501]
3. Name of the church.
4. Date, time, and place of the meeting.
5. Name of the moderator or presiding officer.
6. Presence of a quorum. Indicate the number of active members needed to satisfy the quorum requirement [G-1.0501], and record the actual

number of active members present. (Congregations shall provide by rule the quorum necessary to conduct business. The quorum must be specified in the bylaws of the congregation.)

7. Opening and closing of the meeting with prayer.
8. A record of all actions, whether adopted or lost.
9. At a congregational meeting for the purpose of calling a pastor, in order for each person to be able to vote his/her conscience, a written ballot should be used.
10. Action by the congregation on each pastor's terms of call.
11. Minutes of the meeting of the congregation or corporation at which the annual financial reports are made should indicate, at least:
 - o Report of a full financial review of the financial records (G-3.0205) (See Appendix F.)
 - o A complete, itemized report of income and expenditures for the year.
 - o Provide the complete, itemized proposed budget adopted by the session for the coming year.
 - o Details of the status of loans from the General Assembly, Synod, or Presbytery, if any are outstanding.
12. If the congregation does not approve the minutes before adjournment, session may approve the minutes at its next scheduled meeting. *Note that this provision was in the Book of Order prior to 2011. This provision may be put into the bylaws of the congregation. If not in the bylaws, the congregation must request the session to approve the minutes at its next scheduled meeting, and this request should appear in the minutes of the meeting.*
13. Both the moderator and the clerk must attest (in ink) congregational meeting minutes.

Session Meetings

1. Session meetings are not to be regarded as open meetings, and attendance is generally restricted to the members and any guests (such as staff)



whom the session invites. Members of the congregation wishing to attend are to secure an invitation from the moderator or the clerk. The session should convene without those who asked to be invited; the moderator or clerk explains the reason for the request to be invited, and the session affirms the invitation- either by general consent or by a motion seconded and passed – or does not affirm it. It is the session's meeting, and only the Session decision is made to close a particular meeting or part of a meeting.

2. A session may, if it wishes, adopt an "open meeting policy" which in effect invites any or all members of the congregation to all meetings, unless the session designates a specific meeting or part of a meeting to be closed.
3. The pastor of the church is the moderator; where there are co-pastors, they alternate moderating the session meeting. When the pulpit is vacant, either the interim pastor or another pastor appointed by the presbytery is the moderator. A session cannot meet in the absence of the pastor/moderator except:
 - a. If the pastor thinks it advisable, he/she with the session's concurrence invites another minister of the presbytery to moderate.
 - b. If the session is directed to meet by presbytery, the clerk and/or the moderator consult with representatives of the presbytery; depending on circumstances, it may be advisable for a representative of the presbytery to moderate the meeting.

Electronic Meetings

Sometimes matters that need immediate action arise when calling a session meeting is impractical. For those cases, the session may adopt a policy for electronic meetings. A policy should include provisions to reach all members, for two or more members to object and thus cancel the electronic meeting, and for any decisions to be included in the minutes of the next regular session meeting. **If** the session adopts such a policy, then the policy should be recorded in the minutes of the session meeting and in a Manual of Administrative Operations.

A sample policy:

SESSION POLICY ON ELECTRONIC MEETINGS

(Adopted (date))

In those cases where routine matters must be presented to the members of Session for action before its next scheduled meeting, then Session may conduct this routine business by conference call or electronic means which bring members together, or by polling, either by telephone or other electronic means. The requirements for such meetings are:

- A reasonable attempt shall be made to reach all members.
- There shall be a quorum of members responding.
- In the event that any two members object to the electronic or telephone procedure, then in that case the decision shall either be postponed until the next regular meeting or a special meeting must be convened.
- Any action resulting from a telephone or electronic meeting shall be confirmed at the next scheduled meeting, so that it can be included in the minutes of the Session.

Rolls and Registers

Rolls

The Rolls of the church should contain information about those who are members of the local church. It is the responsibility of the Clerk of Session to maintain, or to oversee the maintenance of, the Rolls as required in G-3.0204a.

Names of members shall be placed upon, removed, or deleted from the rolls of the church only by order of the Session (G-3.0204a)

G-3.0204a:

There shall be rolls of baptize , active, and affiliate members in accordance with G-1.0401, G-1.0402 and G-1.0403. The session shall delete names from the roll of the congregation upon the member's death, admission to membership in another congregation or presbytery, or renunciation of jurisdiction. The session may delete names from the roll of the congregation when a member so requests, or has moved or otherwise ceased to participate actively in the work and worship of the congregation for a period of two years. The session shall seek to restore members to active participation and shall provide written notice before deleting names due to member inactivity.

Active Members

An **Active Member** is one who has made a profession of faith in Christ, has been baptized, has been received into membership of the church, has voluntarily submitted to the government of the particular church, and participates in the church's work and worship.

Record name, date received into membership, and method of reception. Record date of removal from the particular role and whether by death, transfer to another church, (placed on inactive roll, if one is maintained), or removed.

Baptized Members

A **Baptized Member** is one who has received the Sacrament of Baptism but has not made a profession of faith in Jesus Christ as Lord and Savior. This includes adults who were baptized in that particular church who have not made a profession of faith and baptized children of active members or pastors related to the particular church. The 217th General Assembly (2006) issued a "clarification of meaning" to this definition to include children of active members who have been baptized in a Christian church (Trinity baptism) but who have not yet been received as Active Members (confirmed).

Record the name, date of baptism (if known), church where Sacrament of Baptism occurred. Names should be removed from this roll when a profession of faith is made, or when the person moves from the community.

Affiliate Members

An **Affiliate Member** is one who is an active member of another church of this denomination or of another denomination or Christian body, who has temporarily moved from the community where the church of active membership is located. Affiliate membership must be renewed every two years. An example of an affiliate member would be a college student living in your community while attending school.

Record the name, date of affiliation, name of home church, date of renewal, date of return to home church.

(Note from the Stated Clerk: You may notice that there is no **inactive roll**, as there has been in Books of Order prior to 2011. The session may choose to maintain an inactive roll, however, and, if it does, then the rules for keeping an individual on that roll or for deleting such an individual should be determined by the session, recorded in the minutes of the session, and kept in a Manual of Administrative Operations. The former definition is this: *An inactive member of a particular church is one who does not participate in the church's work and worship. An inactive member is entitled to all the rights and privileges of an active member except the right to speak in the meetings of the congregation and to vote and hold office.*)

Roll Books

Roll books usually provide double pages for a chronological roll by date of reception into membership with columns for name, how received, name of church from which member transferred if that is the manner of reception, date of deletion from the active roll and reason-by death, inactivity, or transfer, in which case the name of the church to which the member is transferring is listed.

Pages may be provided in the same binder for an alphabetical listing of members along with the membership number that is assigned in the chronological roll. Many find it easier to keep the alphabetical listing electronically, printing the list, along with the member number, at least annually.

Pages also may be provided for Baptized, Affiliate and Inactive member rolls in the same binder.

Registers

G-3.0204b:

There shall be registers of baptisms authorized by the session, of ruling elders and deacons, of installed pastors with dates of service, and such other registers as the session may deem necessary.

Registers are historical records and need to be carefully maintained. It is the responsibility of the clerk of session to maintain or oversee the maintenance of registers as required in G-3.0204b.

All registers should be kept in the same binder, or in the binder with the rolls. The binder used may be a loose-leaf notebook or a bound book.

Baptisms

Register of Infant and Adult Baptisms shall include name, parents' names (if applicable), and date of birth of those being baptized.

Elders

Register of Elders shall include each elder's name, the name of the church in which each was ordained, date of ordination, terms of active service, and record of removals.

Deacons

Register of Deacons shall include each deacon's name, the name of the church in which each was ordained, date of ordination, terms of active service, and record of removals.

Pastors

Register of Pastors shall include the names of pastors, co-pastors, associate pastors, assistant pastors, interim pastors, stated supplies, and parish associates serving the church, with dates of service.

Marriages (Optional)

Prior to 2011, sessions were also required to maintain a register of marriages. If you wish to continue maintaining this register, here is the list of those marriages that are to be recorded.

Register of Marriages shall include marriages of members of the church, all marriages conducted by the ministerial staff of the church, and all marriages performed on church property.

Paper vs. Electronic Rolls

For many of the reasons that appropriate paper records of Session minutes are required, a chronological paper record of rolls and registers shall also be kept. Electronic records are useful for counting the various categories of members and for keeping an alphabetical list.

Paper rolls are chronological and should have the full name, date joined, and how joined (letter of transfer, profession, reaffirmation) as a minimum. **If** by letter, record the name of the church. **It** should record the date of removal from the roll and the reason. A one-up roll book number makes it possible to cross-reference alphabetical lists with chronological lists.

These are the minimum items for an electronic roll, too. We suggest adding to an electronic roll the information that the Annual Statistical Report asks for, such as gender, racial/ethnic identity, disability (if applicable), and date of birth (for calculating ages).

Many old roll books contain a section for adding member names in an alphabetical order, at least by the first letter of the surname. That function may best be done via an electronic roll. Print an alphabetical list, with roll book number, at least annually, and keep this alphabetical list with the paper Roll Book.

Annual Review of Session Records



The Stated Clerk of the Presbytery of South Louisiana is responsible for conducting the annual review of session records as required by G3.0108a. Normally this is done by holding a series of meetings in the clusters.

The meetings are held in different parts of the presbytery to shorten travel distances, but clerks are welcome to come to any of the meetings. The meetings typically last about two hours.

At the meeting clerks will have an opportunity to read the minutes kept by other clerks and to ask questions of and share experiences with other clerks.

We request that the clerk or moderator fill out the Checklist for the Review of Session Records (found in Appendix C) to facilitate the reading of the minutes of session and congregational meetings.

References are from the *2013-2015 Book of Order*.

- Each session should keep a full and accurate record of its proceedings. [G-3.0107]
- Each council shall review annually or biennially, based on the body's meeting frequency, the proceedings and actions of all entities related to the body, all officers able to act on behalf of the body, and lower councils within its jurisdiction. In reviewing the procedures of the lower council, the higher body shall determine whether the proceedings have been correctly recorded, have been in accordance with this Constitution, have been prudent and equitable, and have been faithful to the mission of the whole church. It shall also determine whether lawful injunctions of a higher body have been obeyed. [G-3.0108a]

Upon notification each session will submit its minutes, rolls and registers to the Stated Clerk for annual review.

Annual Reports

Introduction

Each year the presbytery asks each church to fill out the statistical records for the previous calendar year. One person should be responsible for seeing that the reports are completed and filed; often that person is the clerk. Emails and/or letters from the presbytery provide very helpful information. These forms are typically filled in online.

There are two reports, presented together:

1. Annual Statistical Report – deadline is usually in early February.
2. Clerk's Annual Questionnaire- deadline is usually mid-March.



Annual Statistical Report:

This report, to be filed online by a specified date, **usually in early February**, provides information from each church. These vary somewhat from year to year, and the directions given on-line are very good, so we will not repeat them here. Information may be entered online in as many sessions as you like for a period of time prior to the deadline date or until the "Submit" button is pressed.

- Entering this report online requires that you have your church's user name, that is, its PIN, a five-digit number that identifies the church to the PCUSA, and a password. Both are available from the Stated Clerk.
- The report form is available in a downloadable workbook that provides a clear explanation for each item; filling out the form on paper provides a draft from which figures can be transferred to the online form. Remember that this information can be recorded online over a period of time until the deadline set by the presbytery.
- You do not need to hit the "Submit" button. If you do not, you will be able to go back and edit any section, at least until the deadline. The Stated Clerk has access to these reports for another two weeks, so any last minute changes should be directed to the Stated Clerk.
- Both the total active membership and the financial data for the past ten years are available on the General Assembly's website for all churches that complete the report. Go to www.pcusa.org/tenyeartrends.

Clerk's Annual Questionnaire (CAQ):

This report is submitted online to a different web address, has a different deadline date and different information each year, and must be completed in one online session, contrary to the statistical report. The CAQ is the only means national entities of the church have to gather information about specific programs and activities in all congregations of the PCUSA. The information gathered is very important to the offices asking questions on the CAQ and can be useful to others as well. You will most likely need to confer with the pastor or other church staff members or committees to fill out this form, so making paper copies and sharing them with those most likely to be knowledgeable about the various sections will be very helpful.

Now celebrate, because you have completed this for another year!

Appendix A - Recording Actions in Session Minutes

1. Remember the minutes are both a legal and historical document.
2. Record actions taken which affect the member status of any member following one of these examples:
 - Session acted to delete the names of these Active members from the church's rolls (G-3.0204a): Henri Blank, Phoebe Blank, and William Smith.
 - Upon their request, Session deleted these names (G-3.0204a): Warren Hunter, Ruth Hunter, and Kenneth Clinton.

- Session granted a letter of transfer to Christopher and Judith Boatwright, who are joining City United Methodist Church: the request for the letter came from the church's pastor. (G-3.0204a).
3. **It** is not required that you record the names of those making or seconding motions. Unless asked to do so, do not record the numerical outcome of votes taken, or the names of those who voted in opposition.
 4. The minutes of all Session and congregational meetings, and all other official records, including the records provided to Session by the Deacons and/or the Trustees, if any, are the property of the Session. The Clerk is responsible for their safekeeping. A request from a member of the congregation for a copy of the minutes, or an excerpt of part of a meeting, is reported to the Session at its next meeting, and the Clerk is to follow the Session's decision.

Appendix B - Congregational Meetings and Minutes

1. An annual meeting of the congregation is required (G-1.0501). Special meetings must/shall be called by the Session when it deems it necessary; when requested in writing by one-fourth of the members on the active role; and when Session is directed by presbytery to call a meeting.
2. Notice to the congregation of the meeting is required. Each congregation must set their own standards for notice for congregational meetings. This standard should be included in the congregation's administrative manual or bylaws.
3. Meetings of the congregation related to the pastor nominating committee are special meetings. Other special meetings may be called to consider matters related to the powers and responsibilities of the congregation (G-1.0503), and will have limited agendas.
4. A congregational petition for the Session to call a congregational meeting, in addition to the requirement that it must be signed by one-fourth of the members on the active roll, must be called to consider one of the matters outlined in G-1.0503. **If** it is called to consider any matter outside the scope of this provision of the Form of Government, Session is to decline the petition, with full explanation.
5. **If** a quorum is not present as the meeting begins, notify the Moderator; the members present may recess and seek a quorum, or the Moderator may adjourn the meeting. If the meeting proceeds in the absence of a quorum, absolutely no votes are to be taken.

Appendix C -Annual Review of Session Records

Record of Annual Review of Session Minutes
To be completed by Clerk of the Session **prior** to the Review Meeting

Name of Church _____ City _____

Clerk or Moderator (presenting these minutes) _____

Date of Review _____ Inclusive Dates of Minutes _____

1. Do ALL minutes indicate:	Yes	No
a. Whether meeting is stated or called (if called, by whom?) (G-3.0203)	_____	_____
b. Date, time and location of each meeting	_____	_____
c. Quorum was present (G-3.0203)	_____	_____
d. Elders & Moderator named as present and or absent	_____	_____
e. Approval of previous meeting's minutes	_____	_____
f. Prayer at beginning and end of meeting (G-3.0105)	_____	_____
g. Clerk or Moderator's signature	_____	_____

2. Do Minutes include the following?	(Y) or (N)	and Page(s)
a. Minutes of congregational meetings recorded in Minute Book of Session: G-1.0505		
b. Previous year's Annual Statistical Report attached, after review by: G-3.0202f		
c. Reports/minutes from congregational bodies reviewed by Session: G-3.0108; G-3.0204		
d. Report of financial review approved by Session with comments: G-3.0113		
e. Election of commissioners to Presbytery, and follow-up reports noted: G-3.0202a		
f. Pre-authorization of baptisms by Session: W-2.3011		
g. Dates of baptisms recorded by Session: W-2.3011a(4)		
h. Authorization for celebration of Communion: W-2.4012		
i. Examination of deacons by Session after training: G-3.0201c		
j. Annual approval of work of deacons: G-2.0202		
k. Training and examination of new elders: G-3.0201c		
l. Annual review of pastor's salary by Congregation: G-1.0503c and by Session: G-3.0201c		
m. Review of church rolls and registers by the Session: G-3.0204a		

FOLLOWING TO BE COMPLETED BY REVIEWER:

List all exceptions by number and sub-letters or show "NONE" _____

REVIEWER'S COMMENTS FOR COMMENDATION OR CONCERN:

REVIEWER _____ CHURCH _____

Church Records and Review	Church Name:			
	Clerk's Name:			
	Phone:			
Review of Church Register G 3.0204				
1. Baptized Members Roll		Yes	No	Comment
a. Children baptized in church; birth dates and parents' names; names of persons presenting for baptism, if different than parents	a.			
b. Children of active members or of ministers, baptized elsewhere	b.			
2. Active Members' roll		Yes	No	Comment
a. Chronological	a.			
b. Alphabetical	b.			
c. Transfer to other rolls (indicated by date of session action)	c.			
d. Transfer to another church (indicated by name of church and date of session action)	d.			
e. Date of deletion by death or renunciation (indicated by effective date)	e.			
3. Inactive Members Roll (now optional)		Yes	No	Comment
a. Date of failure to participate in work and worship of the church	a.			
b. Date of session contact	b.			
c. Date of notification by session	c.			
d. Date of deletion by session and page references to active rolls	d.			
4. Affiliate Members' roll		Yes	No	Comment
a. Date of session action	a.			
b. Name of church and date of reception of affiliate member	b.			
c. Renewal dates (every 2 years)	c.			
5. Marriage register: all marriages conducted on church property, by ministerial staff, or of church members (now optional)		Yes	No	Comment
a. Church members	a.			
b. Non-members married on church property	b.			
c. All marriages by ministerial staff beyond church property	c.			
6. Elders: date of ordination, terms of service, record of transfer if applicable		Yes	No	Comment
a. Ordained by the church	a.			
b. Ordained by another church	b.			

Appendix D - Sample Letters

Following are sample letters to potentially inactive members.

1. The first letter, on page 26, is intended for those who have relocated.
2. The second letter, on page 27, is for those still living locally.
3. The third letter, on page 28, is a sample of a livelier letter that could be signed by a pastor or an elder who is seeking to reach out to the "lost sheep" among us.

We hope that you find these sample letters helpful as you seek to reach out to those who are potential candidates for being moved to your Inactive Roll (if you have one) or being removed from your Active Member Roll.

CHURCH LETTERHEAD

Date _____

(Inside address) _____

The Session of [name] Presbyterian Church is in the process of fulfilling its responsibilities as defined in the *Book Of Order*, Paragraph G-3.0201c, which includes "*reviewing the roll of members at least annually and counseling with those who have neglected the responsibilities of membership.*" Since your move to _____, we hope that you have found a new community of faith near home. If, in fact, you have become members of another church, please advise us of the name of that church, so that we might note it in our Church Register.

If you have not yet sought a local church, the Session would like to encourage you to seek the fellowship, support, and spiritual nurture of a faith community. We would be glad help find another church if that is your desire.

Please let me hear from you. You may e-mail me at _____, or return the bottom portion of this letter to me in care of the church, marked appropriately. If I have not heard from you by December 31 (concerning your wishes), your name(s) will be placed on our Inactive Roll. At a later date, should you desire to be restored to the Active Roll or transfer your membership to another church, we will be delighted to facilitate your active membership.

Please know that you will continue to be in our thoughts and prayers, and we particularly wish you a blessed Christmas and a joy-filled New Year.

Sincerely yours, [Your

name] Clerk of Session

Please complete as appropriate, and return to [name of church] at the above address.

_____ has/have joined another church.

Name of Member(s)

Church name: _____

Church address: _____

I wish to speak to **the Pastor**, or **an elder** concerning this matter. (Circle one, if applicable)

CHURCH LETTERHEAD

Date _____

(Inside address) _____

Dear _____

The Session of [name of your] Presbyterian Church is in the process of fulfilling its responsibilities as defined in the *Book Of Order*, Paragraph G-3.0201c, which includes "*reviewing the roll of members at least annually and counseling with those who have neglected the responsibilities of membership.*" We have missed you during the past year and wonder if you have become involved in another community of faith. **If** so, we can transfer your membership to that church.

It may be possible, however, that you have not become active in another church. The Session would like to encourage you to return to active participation in the ministry of our church, or to seek the fellowship, support, and spiritual nurture of another community of faith. If there is something I, or another member of Session, or our Pastor can do to facilitate your active participation in a Christian ministry, whether at [name of church] or another church, please do not hesitate to let us know. You can reach me by e-mail _____ or at home _____. The Pastor may be reached at the church office.

Please let me hear from you, either by e-mail, phone call or returning the bottom portion of this letter, marked appropriately. **If**, however, we have not heard from you by December 31, your name will be moved to the Inactive Roll. At a later date, should you desire to be restored to the Active Roll, or to transfer your membership to another church, we will be delighted to see that your request is honored.

Please know that you and your family will continue to be in our thoughts and prayers, and we pray that you and yours have a blessed Christmas holiday season and joy-filled new Year.

Sincerely yours,

[Your name]

Clerk of Session

Please complete as appropriately, and return to [your] Church at the address above.

_____ has/have joined another church.

Name of Member(s) _____

Church Name: _____

Church **Address:** _____

I wish to speak to **the Pastor or an elder** concerning this matter. (Circle one, if applicable)

CHURCH LETTERHEAD

Inside Address

Dear _____

You have been missed in worship here at _____

We are a large church and there are plenty of folks who are present, but when you are not here for a long time, your absence is noticed! We made a commitment to support you in your spiritual journey and would like to continue doing so. We also value the contributions you have made in the past to the life of this church. Is it possible for us to renew that mutual commitment and continue to strengthen each other?

_____ Church is a community of disciples encouraging one another to:

Honor and connect with God (Worship)
Care for each other (Belonging) Participate in
God's ministry (Service) Become
more like Jesus (Spiritual Growth) Bless the
world as ambassadors of God (Mission)

Your gifts are much needed as well, and I hope you will consider sharing them with us once again. If you have any questions or concerns one of the pastors or I might be able to address with you that would enable you to return to worship, please feel free to call or set up an appointment.

If you have decided to withdraw from this community of faith, please advise me of that as well. According to the Presbyterian Book of Order, when a member has not "...participated in the work and worship of the church for a period of one year..." then the Session is charged with the responsibility of inquiring as to the cause of the member's nonparticipation and then placing them on an inactive roll if they deem necessary. We would like to hear from you as to your request to remain either an active member or be moved to an inactive status.

If you prefer that your membership remain here, please advise us by December 30, 20__.

Please feel free to call me at _____. I look forward to speaking with you or hearing from you soon.

In God's presence,

[Your name]

Clerk of Session (or this could be from a Pastor or another elder)

Appendix E - Parliamentary Procedures

Purpose

The purpose of parliamentary procedures is three-fold:

- To facilitate the flow of business
- To allow the majority to accomplish its will
- To protect the rights of minority views and opinions

Book of Order G-3.0105

Meetings shall be conducted in accordance with the most recent edition of *Robert's Rules of Order Newly Revised*, except when it is in contradiction to this Constitution. Councils may also make use of processes of discernment in their deliberations prior to a vote as agreed upon by the body.

Role of the Clerk

The moderator rules on points of procedure, not the clerk. The role of the clerk, therefore, is to assist the moderator and to advise and provide counsel, usually upon request. However, the more knowledgeable a clerk is of parliamentary procedures, the more time will be saved and procedural logjams will be prevented.

Size of Governing Body

The size of the body will determine the degree of formal parliamentary procedures. The smaller the size of the session or congregation, the more informal it will be; the larger the body is, the more formal it will become and more exact in its procedures.

Some Basic Parliamentary Procedures

A. Motions

1. I move that...or I make a motion that.....
2. The maker of a motion has the privilege of the floor immediately following the seconding of the motion (if a second is required).
3. During debate, speakers should indicate at the beginning whether they are speaking "for" or "against" the motion.

B. Items Not Needing a Second

1. Report from a committee
2. Nominations from the nominating committee
3. A question of privilege
4. A call for division in voting (showing of hands or standing to be counted)
5. Moving of the previous question or calling for the question

C. Amendments

1. Amend by: insert or add; strike out (consecutive words); substitute (normally applied to a whole paragraph or resolution).
2. A "substitute motion" is an amendment.
3. There may be only one amendment to the main motion at one time (known as a first degree amendment).
4. There may be only one amendment to the (first degree) amendment pending at any one time (known as a second degree amendment.)
5. An amendment is not in order if it is the same as voting in the negative.
6. Once an amendment has been made, discussion must be confined to the amendment until a vote is taken on that particular amendment.
7. Once a motion has been amended, the motion as amended must then be voted on.
8. *There is no provision in Robert's Rules for a "**Friendly Amendment.**" The only way a motion can be modified without a vote, after it has been stated by the Chair, is with the unanimous consent of the members present.*

D. The Substitute Motion

The substitute motion is a form of amendment applied when the desire is to amend a motion in several different, non-consecutive places. It also is used with the text to be amended is longer than a paragraph. The procedure to follow is:

1. The Moderator calls for amendments to the main motion (sometimes called "perfecting the motion"). The amendments may be debated. Nothing else is in order. If there are no amendments, the Moderator may declare the motion perfected.
2. The Moderator calls for amendments to the substitute motion. The amendments may be debated. Nothing else is in order. If there are no amendments, the Moderator may declare the motion perfected.

3. The Moderator puts the question: "Shall the substitute motion be substituted for the main motion?" At this time, the merits of the main motion and the substitute motion may be debated and no further amendments are in order.
4. Moderator takes a vote on the question in #3.
 - a. If the question is approved, the main motion disappears and the substitute motion is before the assembly for debate and vote. Substantive amendment is out of order. Editorial amendment is in order.
 - b. If the question is defeated, the substitute motion disappears and the main motion is before the assembly for debate and vote. The main motion may continue to be amended.

E. Stop Debate and Order an Immediate Vote

1. Move or call for the previous question. The person making the motion must be recognized by the moderator before making this motion.
2. Not debatable
3. Vote must be taken to determine whether the body is ready to stop debate
4. 2/3 vote required to stop debate

F. Tie Vote

1. General
 - a. Motion is lost
 - b. A member may request a second vote
2. Congregational Meetings
 - a. The moderator shall put the question a second time
 - b. If there is a tie vote again, the motion is lost.

G. Desiring a Count

1. Following a voice vote or show of hands, any member may call for a division of the house. Vote will be taken by rising - if agreed to by a majority.
2. Actual count then must be taken

H. Routine Business

1. Motion without controversy or question may be adopted by common consent.
 - a. The motion is made.
 - b. The Moderator asks, "Are there any questions?"
 - c. The Moderator asks, "Are there any objections?"
 - d. The Moderator states, "So ordered."
2. **If** there are any objections or debate at all, the regular voting methods must be used.

I. Question of Privilege

1. May interrupt speaker on floor
2. May interrupt motion or debate on a motion
3. Object- to get the attention of the moderator at once
 - a. To ask a question
 - b. To attend to some matter of business that cannot wait

Appendix F - A Full Financial Review Defined

The new "Form of Government" of the Presbyterian Church requires the following:

A full financial review of all financial books and records shall be conducted every year by a public accountant or committee of members versed in accounting procedures. Reviewers should not be related to the treasurer(s). Terminology in this section is meant to provide general guidance and is not intended to require or not require specific audit procedures or practices as understood within the professional accounting community. (G-3.0113)

Therefore, a financial review is required for every church organization or group which has a treasury, and which receives and disburses funds. Groups within the local church whose financial transactions must be reviewed might include the General Operating Fund, Benevolence Fund, Memorial Fund, Wills and Endowments, Board of Deacons, Board of Trustees, Building/Maintenance Fund, Choir, Youth, Church School, Presbyterian Women etc. This review benefits the treasurers, the contributors and those who benefit from expenditures ... giving assurance that donations are used as the donor intended, for the benefit of the specific group, and as a witness to the Lordship of Christ.

The persons making the full financial review do not need to be C.P.A.'s, but there should be some understanding of accounting procedures. Look for persons who have been Trustees or who have some experience in business accounting. Remember that those doing the financial review must not be related to the Treasurer(s).

To be available for review are financial ledgers, records of all forms of income, deposit slips and bank account records, withdrawal slips and canceled checks, authorization of payments, copies of invoices and expense vouchers, and a balance sheet. Financial records from relatively small groups would require less validation; but it is important that each report a *Beginning Balance, Income, Expenses, and a Closing Balance*.

Unless a congregation and its income/expenses are very large, it is not necessary to have a professional audit made. A full financial review implies that the financial review committee has checked through the records, has spot -checked those records and (hopefully) has approved them, and (if helpful) has made suggestions for improvement to the Treasurer or Finance Committee. **The report of the financial review committee must be approved by the Session, Trustees or whichever body has created**

the committee, and this approval must be recorded in the official minutes of that body.

This report may be a simple statement such as: "We have reviewed the financial statements of the various Funds of _____ Church and affiliated organizations for the year ending December 31, _____, as set forth in the _____ Annual Report of _____ Church. During the course of our review, nothing came to our attention that would require modification of these financial statements."